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Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information: http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713618290

Nucleophilic Substitution Reactions at the Dicoordinated Phosphorus Atom: Synthetic Aspects

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To cite this Article Ruban, A. V. and Kachkovskaya, L. S.(1990) 'Nucleophilic Substitution Reactions at the Dicoordinated Phosphorus Atom: Synthetic Aspects', Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements, 51: 1, 334

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/10426509008040865 URL: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/10426509008040865

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NUCLEOPHILIC SUBSTITUTION REACTIONS AT THE DICOORDINATED PHOSPHORUS ATOM: SYNTHETIC ASPECTS

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The nucleophilic substitution reactions in the series (a) P-chloro-phosphaalkenes $Cl-P=CR^1R^2$; (b) P-aryloxy- λ^3 -imino-phosphines ArO-P=NMes*; (c) P-halodiphosphenes Hlg-P=P-Mes* were studied. Reactions of the phosphaalkene 1 with N- and P-nucleophiles of type 2 represent a convenient route to obtain various phosphadienes 3. 1

$$(Me_3Si)_2C=PC1 + X-SiMe_3 \xrightarrow{-Me_3SiC1} (Me_3Si)_2C=P-X$$

 $\frac{1}{X} = (R_2N)_2C=N, (R_2N)_2C=P, R_3P=N$

In the case of P-aryloxyiminophosphines substitution of ArO-group of RO, RS, R $_2$ P and R $_2$ N anions can be easily realized. An interesting result was obtained in the reaction between PhO-P=NMes and Me $_2$ NLi. Although this reaction gives the product of normal nucleophilic substitution, it has unusual structure. This is the first cis-isomer, detected and identified structurally in the series of iminophosphines XP=NY. 2

Diphosphene Mes*-P=P-NPr $_2^i$ ($\underline{4}$), by action of HHlg, was transformed to the corresponding P-halodiphosphenes Mes*-P=P-Hlg ($\underline{5}$ - $\underline{7}$): $\underline{5}$, Hlg = Cl, δ_p 522.8, 473.4, $^1J_{pp}$ 598 Hz; δ $\underline{6}$: Hlg = Br, δ_p 532.3, 458.3, $^1J_{pp}$ 586 Hz; $\underline{7}$: Hlg = I, δ_p 560, 431, $^1J_{pp}$ 574 Hz. Reactions of the diphosphene $\underline{5}$ with nucleophilic reagents XLi (X = RO , R $_3$ Si , R $_2$ N et al.) lead to the derivatized diphosphenes.

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